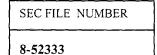
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UNITED STATES OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Expires: October 31, 2001 Estimated average burden hours per response...12.00

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
RECEIVED
PART III





FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 174-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGIN	NNING <u>January 1, 2003</u> ENDING	December	31, 2003
	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICA	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Madison Financial Management, LLC			FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE	OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box	(No.)	
300 South Pointe Drive			
Miami Beach	(No. and Street) Florida		33139
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBE	ER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN R	EGARD TO TH	IIS REPORT
Marianna Olszewski			305-538-1212
		(A	rea Code – Telephone No.)
	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUN	TANT whose opinion is contained in	this Report*	
LILLING & COMPANY LLP			
	(Name – if individual, state last, first,		11001
10 CUTTER MILL ROAD (Address)	GREAT NECK (City)	NY (State)	11021 (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE	(City)	(Glate)	(Zip code)
Certified Public Accounta	nt		SAATA
☐ Public Accountant			PROCESSED
☐ Accountant not resident in	United States or any of its possession	S.	MAR 05 2004
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		THONISON FINANCIAL
		• /	•••
			

* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the devices of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the examption. See section 240,17a-5(e)(2).

Sec 1410 (3-91)

Persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Ι,_	Marianna Olszewski swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my
kn	owledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	Madison Financial Management, LLC , as of
De	exember 31 , 2003 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor
an	y partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of sustomer, except as follows:
	8ignature
	Title
C Th	OFFICIAL NOTARY SEAL PAULA BETANCUR NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF FLORIDA COMMISSION NO. DD116904 MY COMMISSION EXP. MAY 13,2006
7 11	is Report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):
* * * * * * * \bar{\pi}	 (a) Facing Page (b) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss) (d) Statement of Cash Flows. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital. (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
X	 (g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
□ × □	 (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of Consolidation. (l) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
×	

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

REPORT ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

DECEMBER 31, 2003

Lilling & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Managing Member Madison Financial Management, LLC Miami Beach, Florida

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Madison Financial Management, LLC as of December 31, 2003 and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Madison Financial Management, LLC at December 31, 2003 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules 1 and 2 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Lilling + Company CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

January 19, 2004

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2003

ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents		840,772
	\$	840,772
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses	\$	4,500
Member's equity		836,272
	\$	840,772

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

REVENUES	
Consulting	\$ 1,545,374
Interest and other income	338_
	1,545,712
EXPENSES	

Consulting expense	11,150
Occupancy	94,584
Professional services	12,673
Operating expenses	161,890
	280,297

NET INCOME _\$_1,265,415

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

Cash flows from operating activities Net income	\$ 1,265,415
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Amortization and depreciation	\$ 1,322
Decrease in other assets	2,410
Total adjustments	3,732
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,269,147
Cash flows from financing activities	
Member's capital withdrawals	(1,108,529)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,108,529)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	160,618
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	680,154
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END	\$ 840,772
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash paid during the year for:	
Interest	\$ -
Income taxes	\$ -

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

Balance - beginning	\$ 679,386
Net income	1,265,415
Member's capital withdrawals	 (1,108,529)
Balance - end	\$ 836,272

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Madison Financial Management, LLC (the Company) is organized to be active in various aspects of the securities industry and is registered to be a broker-dealer with the National Association of Securities Dealers and the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company is a non-clearing broker and does not handle any customer funds or securities. There were no liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors during the year ended December 31, 2003.

The Company's primary clients are off-shore hedge fund managers that pay a portion of their management and incentive fees to the Company.

Revenue Recognition

Consulting fees, capital gains and interest income are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that management uses.

Income Taxes

The Company is organized as a limited liability company and is recognized as a single member limited liability company for income tax purposes. No provision has been made for federal and state income taxes, since these taxes are the personal responsibility of the member.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

2. LEASES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company operates from its principal owner's residence in Florida and per a written agreement pays a portion of the rent each month. The Company also paid a portion of rent expense incurred on an apartment in London. The Company paid rent totaling approximately \$95,000 in 2003.

3. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1.) At December 31, 2003, the Company had net capital of \$836,160, which was \$831,160 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company had a percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital of 1% as of December 31, 2003

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5 of the SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2003

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c-3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2003

NET CAPITAL	
Total Member's equity	\$ 836,272
Deductions and/or charges: Non-allowable assets	 - _
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	836,272
Haircuts and undue concentration	 112
NET CAPITAL	 836,160
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	 4,500
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED	\$ 5,000
EXCESS OF NET CAPITAL OVER MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS	 831,160
PERCENTAGE OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	1%

Note:

There were no material differences between the computation of net capital above and the Company's computation included in Part II of Form X-17A-5, as of December 31, 2003

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKERS AND DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3 DECEMBER 31, 2003

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption appearing in paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of the Rule.

Lilling & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

To the Managing Member Madison Financial Management, LLC. Miami Beach, Florida

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Madison Financial Management LLC (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2003, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted the following matter involving the internal control environment that we consider to be a material weakness as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of Madison Financial Management, LLC for the year ended December 31, 2003 and this report does not affect our report thereon dated January 19, 2004

The size of the business and resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those internal control structure procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Since this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2003, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the NASD, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lilling + Corpuny
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

January 19, 2004